

Correction Exercice 1, Feuille de TD 4

Exercice 1 (r, θ) sont les coordonnées polaires.

$$2) \quad r(\theta) = \operatorname{th}\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \quad \rightarrow \quad \begin{cases} x(\theta) = \operatorname{th}\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \cos \theta \\ y(\theta) = \operatorname{th}\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \sin \theta \end{cases}$$

$$x'(\theta) = \frac{1}{2 \operatorname{ch}^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)} \cos \theta - \operatorname{th}\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \sin \theta = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \operatorname{th}^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)\right) \cos \theta - \operatorname{th}\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \sin \theta$$

$$y'(\theta) = \frac{1}{2 \operatorname{ch}^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)} \sin \theta + \operatorname{th}\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \cos \theta$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \operatorname{th}^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)\right) \sin \theta + \operatorname{th}\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \cos \theta$$

On a utilisé le fait que $\begin{cases} \operatorname{sh}' = \operatorname{ch} \\ \operatorname{ch}' = \operatorname{sh} \\ \operatorname{ch}^2 - \operatorname{sh}^2 = 1 \end{cases}$

$$\Rightarrow \left\| \begin{bmatrix} x'(\theta) \\ y'(\theta) \end{bmatrix} \right\| = \sqrt{(x'(\theta))^2 + (y'(\theta))^2} =$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\{ \frac{1}{4} \left(1 - \operatorname{th}^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)\right)^2 \cos^2 \theta + \operatorname{th}^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \sin^2 \theta - \right. \\ & \quad - \cancel{\left(1 - \operatorname{th}^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)\right) \operatorname{th}\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \sin \theta \cos \theta} \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{4} \left(1 - \operatorname{th}^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)\right)^2 \sin^2 \theta + \operatorname{th}^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \cos^2 \theta + \\ & \quad \left. + \cancel{\left(1 - \operatorname{th}^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)\right) \operatorname{th}\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \sin \theta \cos \theta} \right\}^{1/2} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} \left(1 - \operatorname{th}^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)\right)^2 + \operatorname{th}^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \operatorname{th}^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow l(M_0 M_\theta) = \int_0^\theta \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \operatorname{th}^2\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)\right) dt = \int_0^\theta \left[1 - \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \operatorname{th}^2\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)\right)}_{\left(\operatorname{th}\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)\right)'} \right] dt$$

$$= \left[t - \operatorname{th}\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \right]_0^\theta$$

$$= \boxed{\theta - \operatorname{th}\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)}$$